

1Z0-144^{Q&As}

Oracle Database 11g: Program with PL/SQL

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QUESTION 1

Consider the following scenario:

Local procedure A calls remote procedure B.

Procedure B was compiled at 8 AM.

Procedure A was modified and recompiled at 9 AM.

Remote procedure B was later modified and recompiled at 11 AM.

The dependency mode is set to TIMESTAMP.

Which statement correctly describes what happens when procedure A is invoked at 1 PM?

- A. Procedure A is invalidated and recompiled immediately.
- B. There is no effect on procedure A and it runs successfully.
- C. Procedure B is invalidated and recompiled again when invoked.
- D. Procedure A is invalidated and recompiles when invoked the next time.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 2

Which two statements are true about statement-level and row-level triggers? (Choose two.)

- A. A row trigger fires once even if no rows are affected.
- B. A statement trigger fires once even if no rows are affected.
- C. Row triggers are useful if the trigger action depends on the data of rows that are affected or on data that is provided by the triggering event itself.
- D. Statement triggers are useful if the trigger action depends on the data of rows that are affected or on data that is provided by the triggering event itself.

Correct Answer: BC

QUESTION 3

View the exhibit and examine the structure of the EMPLOYEES table.

Name	Null?	Type
EMPLOYEE_ID	NOT NULL	NUMBER (6)
FIRST_NAME		VARCHAR2 (20)
LAST_NAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2 (25)
HIRE_DATE	NOT NULL	DATE
JOB_ID	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2 (10)
SALARY		NUMBER (8, 2)
COMISSION_PCT		NUMBER (2, 2)
MANAGER_ID		NUMBER (6)
DEPARTMENT_ID		NUMBER (4)

The salary of EMPLOYEE_ID 195 is 2800. You execute the following code:

```
SQL>SET SERVEROUTPUT ON
SQL>DECLARE
  2 v_sal NUMBER(10,2) := 1000;
  3 BEGIN
  4   DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE ('Salary is' || v_sal);
  5   DECLARE
  6     v_sal NUMBER;
  7     BEGIN
  8       SELECT salary INTO v_sal FROM employees WHERE employee_id = 195;
  9       DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE ('Salary is' || v_sal);
 10      DECLARE
 11        v_sal NUMBER := 50000;
 12        BEGIN <<b3>>
 13          DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE ('Salary is' || v_sal);
 14        END b3;
 15        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE ('Salary is' || v_sal);
 16      END;
 17 END;
/
```

What is the outcome?

- A. It gives an error because only the innermost block is labeled.
- B. It gives an error because the same variable name cannot be used across all the nested blocks.
- C. It executes successfully and displays the resultant values in the following sequence- 1000, 2800 50000, 2800.
- D. It executes successfully and displays the resultant values in the following sequence: 1000, 2800, 50000, 1000.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 4

View the Exhibit to examine the PL/SQL block.

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE employees_temp (  
    empid NUMBER(6) NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,  
    deptid NUMBER(6) CONSTRAINT c_employees_temp_deptid  
        CHECK (deptid BETWEEN 100 AND 200),  
    deptname VARCHAR2(30) DEFAULT 'Sales'  
);
```

Table created.

```
SQL> DECLARE  
    emprec employees_temp%ROWTYPE;  
BEGIN  
    emprec.empid := NULL;  
    emprec.deptid := 50;  
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('emprec.deptname:' || emprec.deptname);  
END;
```

Which statement is true about the output of the PL/SQL block?

- A. It executes and the output is emprec.deptname:.
- B. It executes and the output is emprec.deptname: Sales.
- C. It produces an error because NULL is assigned to the emprec.empid field in the record.
- D. It produces an error because the CHECK constraint is violated while assigning a value to the emprec.deptid field in the record.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 5

Examine the following PL/SQL code:

```
DECLARE
  v_lname VARCHAR2(15);
BEGIN
  SELECT last_name INTO v_lname
  FROM employees
  WHERE first_name='John';
  IF v_lname is NULL THEN
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE ('No Rows found');
  ELSE
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE ('John''s last name is :'||v_lname);
  END IF;
END;
```

Which statement is true about the execution of the code if the query in the PL/SQL block returns no rows?

- A. The program abruptly terminates and an exception is raised.
- B. The program executes successfully and the output is No ROWS_FOUND.
- C. The program executes successfully and the query fetches a null value in the V_LNAME variable.
- D. Program executes successfully, fetches a NULL value in the V_LNAME variable and an exception is raised.

Correct Answer: A

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