1Z0-147^{Q&As}

Oracle9i program with pl/sql

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QUESTION 1

Examine this procedure: Which two statements will successfully invoke this procedure in iSQL*Plus? (Choose two.)

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE UPD_BAT_STAT
(V_ID IN NUMBER DEFAULT 10, V_AB IN NUMBER DEFAULT 4)
IS
BEGIN
    UPDATE PLAYER_BAT_STAT
    SET AT_BATS = AT_BATS + V_AB
    WHERE PLAYER_ID = V_ID;
    COMMIT;
END;
```

A. EXECUTE UPD_BAT_STAT;

B. EXECUTE UPD_BAT_STAT(V_AB=andgt;10, V_ID=andgt;31);

C. EXECUTE UPD_BAT_STAT(31,\\'FOUR\\',\\'TWO\\');

D. UPD_BAT_STAT(V_AB=andgt;10, V_ID=andgt;31);

E. RUN UPD_BAT_STAT;

Correct Answer: AB

QUESTION 2

A dependent procedure or a function directly or indirectly references one or more of which four objects? (Choose four.)

A. view

B. sequence

C. privilege

D. procedure

E. anonymous block

F. packaged procedure or function

Correct Answer: ABDF

QUESTION 3

A CALL statement inside the trigger body enables you to call _____.

A. a package

B. a stored function

C. a stored procedure

D. another database trigger

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 4

What is a conditional predicate in a DML trigger?

A. A conditional predicate allows you to specify a WHEN-LOGGING-ON condition in the trigger body.

B. A conditional predicate means you use the NEW and OLD qualifiers in the trigger body as a condition.

C. A conditional predicate allows you to combine several DML triggering events into one in the trigger body.

D. A conditional predicate allows you to specify a SHUTDOWN or STARTUP condition in the trigger body.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 5

Examine this code:

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION gen_email_name
(p_first_name VARCHAR2, p_last_name VARCHAR2, p_id NUMBER)
RETURN VARCHAR2
IS
   v_email_name VARCHAR2(19);
BEGIN
   v_email_name := SUBSTR(p_first_name, 1, 1) ||
                   SUBSTR(p_last_name, 1, 7) ||
                   '@Oracle.com';
   UPDATE employees
   SET    email = v_email_name
   WHERE  employee_id = p_id;
   RETURN v_email_name;
END;

You run this SELECT statement:

SELECT first_name, last_name,
       gen_email_name(first_name, last_name, 108) EMAIL
FROM employees;
```

What occurs?

A. Employee 108 has his email name updated based on the return result of the function.

B. The statement fails because functions called from SQL expressions cannot perform DML.

C. The statement fails because the function does not contain code to end the transaction.

D. The SQL statement executes successfully, because UPDATE and DELETE statements are ignored in stored functions called from SQL expressions.

E. The SQL statement executes successfully and control is passed to the calling environment.

Correct Answer: B

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