

1Z0-082^{Q&As}

Oracle Database Administration I

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QUESTION 1

Which three statements are true about views in an Oracle database? (Choose three.)

- A. Views can be updated without the need to re-grant privileges on the view
- B. Tables in the defining query of a view must always exist in order to create the view
- C. The WITH CHECK clause prevents certain rows from being displayed when querying the view
- D. Data Manipulation Language (DML) can always be used on views
- E. Inserting one or more rows using a view whose defining query contains a GROUP BY clause will cause an error
- F. Deleting one or more rows using a view whose defining query contains a GROUP BY clause will cause an error
- G. The WITH CHECK clause prevents certain rows from being updated or inserted

Correct Answer: EFG

A is wrong because it should be views can be replaced*** without the need to re-grant privileges on the view. Not update

G is correct, certain rows cannot be updated or inserted . for example. you try to update the department_id to 100 from 20 but the view was created with a where department id_= 20 or insert a deparment_id other than 20 . it will cause a ORA-01402 error

QUESTION 2

View the Exhibits and examine the structure of the COSTS and PROMOTIONS tables.

You want to display PROD_IDS whose promotion cost is less than the highest cost PROD_ID in a promotion time interval.

Examine this SQL statement:

```
SELECT prod_id
FROM costs
WHERE promo_id IN
  (SELECT promo_id
   FROM promotions
   WHERE promo_cost < ALL
     (SELECT MAX(promo_cost)
      FROM promotions
      GROUP BY (promo_end_date - promo_begin_date)));
```

Exhibit 1.

Table COSTS		
Name	Null?	Type
PROD_ID	NOT NULL	NUMBER
TIME_ID	NOT NULL	DATE
PROMO_ID	NOT NULL	NUMBER
CHANNEL_ID	NOT NULL	NUMBER
UNIT_COST	NOT NULL	NUMBER(10,2)
UNIT_PRICE	NOT NULL	NUMBER(10,2)

Exhibit 2.

Table PROMOTIONS		
Name	Null?	Type
PROMO_ID	NOT NULL	NUMBER(6)
PROMO_NAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(30)
PROMO_SUBCATEGORY	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(30)
PROMO_SUBCATEGORY_ID	NOT NULL	NUMBER
PROMO_CATEGORY	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(30)
PROMO_CATEGORY_ID	NOT NULL	NUMBER
PROMO_COST	NOT NULL	NUMBER(10,2)
PROMO_BEGIN_DATE	NOT NULL	DATE
PROMO_END_DATE	NOT NULL	DATE

What will be the result?

- A. It gives an error because the ALL keyword is not valid
- B. It gives an error because the GROUP BY clause is not valid
- C. It executes successfully but does not give the required result
- D. It executes successfully and gives the required result

Correct Answer: C

(promo_end_date - promo_begin_date) is returning the number of days which the promotion was running, but no interval, which is requested by the question. so logically the query is not generating desired output.

QUESTION 3

Which three functions are performed by dispatchers in a shared server configuration? (Choose three.)

- A. writing inbound request to the common request queue from all shared server connections
- B. checking for outbound shared server responses on the common outbound response queue
- C. receiving inbound requests from processes using shared server connections
- D. sending each connection input request to the appropriate shared server input queue
- E. broadcasting shared server session responses back to requesters on all connections
- F. sending shared server session responses back to requesters on the appropriate connection

Correct Answer: ACF

Ref: https://docs.oracle.com/cd/B28359_01/server.111/b28310/manproc001.htm#ADMIN11168 An ***idle shared server process picks up*** the virtual circuit from the common queue

QUESTION 4

Which three instance situations are possible with the Oracle Database server without multi-tenant? (Choose three.)

- A. two or more instances on separate servers all associated with one database
- B. one instance on one server associated with one database
- C. one instance on one server associated with two or more databases on the same server
- D. one instance on one server not associated with any database
- E. one instance on one server associated with two or more databases on separate servers

Correct Answer: ABD

A: RAC 2,3 or 4 nodes

B: Single instance (standalone) with database

C: one instance running multiple INDEPENDENT databases!!

D: Single instance (standalone) without database

E: absurd configuration!

QUESTION 5

Examine this SQL statement:

```
SELECT cust_id, cust_last_name "Last Name" FROM customers WHERE country_id = 10 UNION SELECT cust_id  
CUST_NO, cust_last_name FROM customers WHERE country_id = 30
```

Identify three ORDER BY clauses, any one of which can complete the query successfully. (Choose three.)

- A. ORDER BY "Last Name"
- B. ORDER BY 2, 1
- C. ORDER BY 2, cust_id
- D. ORDER BY CUST_NO
- E. ORDER BY "CUST_NO"

Correct Answer: ABC