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Oracle Linux 5 and 6 System Administration

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QUESTION 1

Examine these configuration files: # cat /etc/auto.master /net -hosts /- auto.direct ro

```
# cat /etc/auto.direct
```

```
/nfs1 o16:/export/share1 /nfs2 -sync o16:/export/share2 /nfs o16:/export/share3
```

Which mount options will automounter use to mount the filesystems listed in /etc/auto.direct?

- A. All three filesystems are mounted read-only, async.
- B. /nfs1 and /nfs3 are mounted read-only, async whereas /nfs2 mounted read-write, sync.
- C. /nfs1 and /nfs3 are mounted read-only, async whereas /nfs2 mounted read-only, sync.
- D. All three filesystems are mounted read-write, sync.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 2

The SSHD service is controlled by the script in /etc/init.d/sshd, part of which is shown here:

```
[root@FAROUT ~] cat /etc/init.d/sshd # !/bin/bash # # sshd Start up the OpenSSH server daemon # # chkconfig: 2345 55 25 # description: SSH is a protocol for secure remote shell access. \ # This service starts up the Open SSH server daemon. #
```

You issue chkconfig commands to change the sshd service:

```
[root@FAROUT ~] # chkconfig sshd off [root@FAROUT ~] # chkconfig sshd reset
```

What is the result of the two commands issued?

- A. The sshd service configuration is restored to the settings that existed before setting it off.
- B. The sshd service configuration is restored to start in run levels 2, 3, 4 and 5.
- C. The sshd service configuration is restored to start in run levels 2 and 5 only.
- D. The sshd service configuration is restored to those that existed after the operating system was first installed.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 3

Which two statements are true about administering the use of the Sudo command in Oracle Linux?

- A. visudo will never save the /etc/sudoers file if there are syntax errors in the file after editing.
- B. visudo prompts for an action if there are syntax errors in the /etc/sudoers file after editing.
- C. Using vi to edit /etc/sudoers opens the file read only.
- D. Multiple administrators may edit the /etc/sudoers file simultaneously using visudo but only one may save the edited result.
- E. Multiple administrators may edit the /etc/sudoers file simultaneously using vi but only one may save the edited result.

Correct Answer: AE

A: visudo parses the sudoers file after the edit and will not save the changes if there is a syntax error.

E: visudo locks the sudoers file against multiple simultaneous edits

Note:

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sudo is configured through the file /etc/sudoers. Like with most Linux configuration files, any text following a pound sign in the sudoers file is a comment. Within the sudoers file, sets of commands, groups of users, and associate users or groups with command sets can be configured.

*

If you want to grant certain users authority to be able to perform specific administrative tasks via sudo, use the visudo command to modify the /etc/sudoers file.

The sudo command offers a way to grant partial or full access to the root account without the users needing the root password.

QUESTION 4

Examine the files and directories shown: What is the reason for this configuration? (Choose the best answer.)

```
0 lrwxlrwxlrwx. 1 root root      7 Dec  6 00:28 /etc/rc -> rc.d/rc
0 lrwxlrwxlrwx. 1 root root     10 Dec  6 00:28 /etc/rc0.d -> rc.d/rc0.d
0 lrwxlrwxlrwx. 1 root root     10 Dec  6 00:28 /etc/rc1.d -> rc.d/rc1.d
0 lrwxlrwxlrwx. 1 root root     10 Dec  6 00:28 /etc/rc2.d -> rc.d/rc2.d
0 lrwxlrwxlrwx. 1 root root     10 Dec  6 00:28 /etc/rc3.d -> rc.d/rc3.d
0 lrwxlrwxlrwx. 1 root root     10 Dec  6 00:28 /etc/rc4.d -> rc.d/rc4.d
0 lrwxlrwxlrwx. 1 root root     10 Dec  6 00:28 /etc/rc5.d -> rc.d/rc5.d
0 lrwxlrwxlrwx. 1 root root     10 Dec  6 00:28 /etc/rc6.d -> rc.d/rc6.d
0 lrwxlrwxlrwx. 1 root root     13 Dec  6 00:28 /etc/rc.local -> rc.d/rc.local
0 lrwxlrwxlrwx. 1 root root     15 Dec  6 00:28 /etc/rc.sysinit -> rc.d/rc.sysinit
```

```
/etc/rc.d:
```

```
total 76
4 drwxr-xr-x. 10 root root 4096 Dec 5 00:28 .
12 drwxr-xr-x. 119 root root 12288 May 24 03:40 ..
4 drwxr-xr-x. 2 root root 4096 Apr 5 05:07 init.d
4 -rwxr-xr-x. 1 root root 2617 May 21 2011 rc
4 drwxr-xr-x. 2 root root 4096 Apr 5 05:08 rc0.d
4 drwxr-xr-x. 2 root root 4096 Apr 5 05:08 rc1.d
4 drwxr-xr-x. 2 root root 4096 Apr 5 05:08 rc2.d
4 drwxr-xr-x. 2 root root 4096 Apr 5 05:08 rc3.d
4 drwxr-xr-x. 2 root root 4096 Apr 5 05:08 rc4.d
4 drwxr-xr-x. 2 root root 4096 Apr 5 05:08 rc5.d
4 drwxr-xr-x. 1 root root 4096 Apr 5 05:08 rc6.d
4 -rwxr-xr-x. 1 root root 220 May 21 2011 rc.lccal
20 -rwxr-xr-x. 1 root root 19546 May 21 2011 rc.sysinit
```

- A. The links in /etc to the directories in /etc/rc.d are provided to make Linux run level processing configuration resemble the SysV UNIX configuration
- B. The links in /etc to the directories in /etc/rc.d are provided to permit one set to have different owners or permissions than the other
- C. The links in /etc to the directories in /etc/rc.d are not required and must have been added by the administrator
- D. The links in /etc to the directories in /etc/rc.d are provided to allow /etc/rc.d/rc to work properly

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 5

What happens if you reboot a Ksplice Uptrack-enabled system when the following conditions exist?

1.
The Internet is unreachable due to a failing router.
 2.
The INSTALL_ON_REBOOT property is set to YES in /etc/uptrack/uptrack.conf.
- A. The Ksplice updates are applied early in the boot sequence despite the fact that the Internet is unreachable.
 - B. The Ksplice updates are not applied during the boot sequence, but they will be applied as soon as the Internet becomes reachable again.
 - C. The updates are not applied during the boot sequence and will not be applied after the Internet has become reachable again.
 - D. The system waits in the boot sequence for the internet to become reachable again.
 - E. The system boots to single-user mode.

Correct Answer: A

*

Automatically install updates at boot time. If this is set, on # reboot into the same kernel, Uptrack will reinstall the same set of # updates that were present before the reboot. install_on_reboot = yes

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To install updates automatically at boot time, the following entry must appear in /etc/uptrack/uptrack.conf:

install_on_reboot = yes

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