

1Z0-1072-22^{Q&As}

Oracle Cloud Infrastructure 2022 Architect Associate

Pass Oracle 1Z0-1072-22 Exam with 100% Guarantee

Free Download Real Questions & Answers **PDF** and **VCE** file from:

<https://www.pass2lead.com/1z0-1072-22.html>

100% Passing Guarantee
100% Money Back Assurance

Following Questions and Answers are all new published by Oracle
Official Exam Center

-  **Instant Download** After Purchase
-  **100% Money Back** Guarantee
-  **365 Days** Free Update
-  **800,000+** Satisfied Customers



QUESTION 1

Your company is moving an Internet-facing, 2-tier web application into Oracle Cloud Infrastructure. The application must have a highly available architecture. Which two design options would you consider? (Choose two.)

- A. Configure a Dynamic Route Gateway in your VCN and make it highly available.
- B. Configure a NAT instance in your Virtual Cloud Network (VCN). Create a route rule by using the private IP of the NAT instance as a route target for all the private subnets in your VCN.
- C. Create an Internet Gateway and attach it to your VCN. Deploy public load balancer nodes into two Available Domains.
- D. Place all web servers behind a public load balancer.

Correct Answer: CD

QUESTION 2

You are the Cloud Architect of a company, and are designing a solution on Oracle Cloud Infrastructure where you want to have all your compute instances resistant to hardware failure. Which two are recommended best practices to achieve the requirement on Oracle Cloud Infrastructure? (Choose two.)

- A. Create a custom image of your system drive each time you change the image.
- B. Attach block volumes from different Availability Domains to compute instances in different Availability Domains for high availability.
- C. Design your system with redundant compute nodes in different Availability Domains to support the failover capability.
- D. Create backups of your block volumes that are associated with compute instances in different regions.

Correct Answer: AC

References: <https://docs.cloud.oracle.com/iaas/Content/Compute/References/bestpracticescompute.htm> System Resilience Oracle Cloud Infrastructure runs on Oracle's high-quality Sun servers. However, any hardware can experience a failure. Follow industry-wide hardware failure best practices to ensure the resilience of your solution. Some best practices include: Design your system with redundant compute nodes in different availability domains to support fail-over capability. Create a custom image of your system drive each time you change the image. Back up your data drives, or sync to spare drives, regularly. If you experience a hardware failure and have followed these practices, you can terminate the failed instance, launch your custom image to create a new instance, and then apply the backup data.

QUESTION 3

Which two features are offered natively on Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Database Cloud Service (DBCS)? (Choose two.)

- A. Data Guard in Async mode within a region
- B. GoldenGate replication between two regions

- C. Data Guard in Maximum Protection mode
- D. backup to Object Storage

Correct Answer: AD

Data Guard in Maximum Performance protection mode is supported not simply Maximum Protection mode, however, you can configure additional protection modes and transport types by logging on to the DB system and accessing Data Guard command-line interface(DGMGRL).

QUESTION 4

You have the following compartment structure in your tenancy. Root compartment->Training- >Training sub1 ->Training-sub2 You create a policy in the root compartment to allow the default admin for the account (Administrators) to manage block volumes in compartment Training-sub2.

What policy would you write to meet this requirement?

- A. Allow group Administrators to manage volume-family in root compartment
- B. Allow group Administrators to manage volume-family in compartment Training-sub1 :Training- sub2
- C. Allow group Administrators to manage volume-family in compartment Training: Training-sub 1 :Training-sub2
- D. Allow group Administrators to manage volume-family in compartment Training-sub2

Correct Answer: C

a policy statement must specify the compartment for which access is being granted (or the tenancy).

Where you create the policy determines who can update the policy. If you attach the policy to the compartment or its parent, you can simply specify the compartment name. If you attach the policy further up the hierarchy, you must specify the path. The format of the path is each compartment name (or OCID) in the path, separated by a colon:

:: . . . For example, assume you

have a three-level compartment hierarchy, shown here:



You want to create a policy to allow NetworkAdmins to manage VCNs in CompartmentC. If you want to attach this policy to CompartmentC or to its parent, CompartmentB, write this policy statement: Allow group NewtworkAdmins to manage virtual-network-family in compartment CompartmentC However, if you want to attach this policy to CompartmentA (so that only administrators of CompartmentA can modify it), write this policy statement that specifies the path: Allow group NewtworkAdmins to manage virtual-network-family in compartment CompartmentB:CompartmentC To attach this policy to the tenancy, write this policy statement that specifies the path from CompartmentA to CompartmentC: Allow group NewtworkAdmins to manage virtual-network-family in compartment CompartmentA:CompartmentB:CompartmentC

QUESTION 5

Which statement is true about interconnecting Virtual Cloud Network (VCN)?

- A. VCNs support transitive peering.
- B. Peering VCNs should not have overlapping CIDR blocks.
- C. VCNs must be in the same tenancy to be peered.
- D. The only way to interconnect VCNs is through peering.

Correct Answer: B

Reference: <https://docs.cloud.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Network/Tasks/remoteVCNpeering.htm> (note)

[Latest 1Z0-1072-22 Dumps](#)

[1Z0-1072-22 PDF Dumps](#)

[1Z0-1072-22 Exam Questions](#)