

# 200-901 Q&As

Developing Applications and Automating Workflows using Cisco Platforms (DEVASC)

## Pass Cisco 200-901 Exam with 100% Guarantee

Free Download Real Questions & Answers **PDF** and **VCE** file from:

<https://www.pass2lead.com/200-901.html>

100% Passing Guarantee  
100% Money Back Assurance

Following Questions and Answers are all new published by Cisco Official Exam Center

- ⚙️ **Instant Download** After Purchase
- ⚙️ **100% Money Back** Guarantee
- ⚙️ **365 Days** Free Update
- ⚙️ **800,000+** Satisfied Customers



**QUESTION 1**

DRAG DROP

Drag and drop the API characteristics from the left onto the categories on the right.

Select and Place:

The API is seen as a function call.	REST
There is communication between server and client.	
It follows a resource-oriented model.	RPC
The API can be stateless.	

Correct Answer:

	REST
	There is communication between server and client.
	The API can be stateless.
	RPC
	The API is seen as a function call.
	It follows a resource-oriented model.

**QUESTION 2**

Which two factors reduce the experience of an application? (Choose two.)

- A. source location
- B. traffic class
- C. packet loss
- D. network latency
- E. usage

Correct Answer: CD

**QUESTION 3**

What is a firehose webhook?

- A. It collects data from third-party cloud APIs for custom applications.
- B. It enables an application to receive real-time data from Cisco Webex.
- C. It enables data to flow from the Cisco Webex API to a user's application.
- D. It sends a notification of any event for commonly used resources.

Correct Answer: D

**QUESTION 4**

DRAG DROP

Drag and drop the Python code from the left onto the correct step on the right to call a REST API.

Select and Place:

<pre>response = requests.post(url, data=json.dumps(payload), \ headers=header, verify=False)</pre>	Step 1 – Import the correct libraries.
<pre>ticket = r_json["Token"] print (ticket)</pre>	Step 2 – Declare the necessary variable.
<pre>(_json = response.json() print(r_json)</pre>	Step 3 – Send the HTTP Request.
<pre>import requests import json</pre>	Step 4 – Format and display the response in JSON readable format.
<pre>controller = 'devnetapi.cisco.com/sandbox/dnacenter' url = 'https://' + controller + '/dna/system/api/v1/auth/token' payload = { 'username': 'devnetuser', 'password': 'pa55word' } header = { 'Content-type': 'application/json' }</pre>	Step 5 – Parse the response to display the Service Ticket.

Correct Answer:

	<pre>import requests import json</pre>
	<pre>controller = 'devnetapi.cisco.com/sandbox/dnacenter' url = 'https://' + controller + '/dna/system/api/v1/auth/token' payload = { 'username': 'devnetuser', 'password': 'pa55word' } header = { 'Content-type': 'application/json' }</pre>
	<pre>response = requests.post(url, data=json.dumps(payload), \ headers=header, verify=False)</pre>
	<pre>(_json = response.json() print(r_json)</pre>
	<pre>ticket = r_json["Token"] print (ticket)</pre>

**QUESTION 5**

What is the purpose of a MAC address on a network device?

- A. unique network address that identifies the network interface of a device
- B. unique network interlace address that is provided by the DHCP server
- C. unique hardware address that identifies the network interface of a device
- D. unique hardware interface address that is provided by the central switch

Correct Answer: C

[200-901 Practice Test](#)

[200-901 Study Guide](#)

[200-901 Exam Questions](#)