



# 70-246<sup>Q&As</sup>

Private Cloud Monitoring and Operations with System Center

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## QUESTION 1

Your company has a private cloud that is managed by using a System Center 2012 Operations Manager infrastructure.

The network contains an Active Directory forest named adatum.com. Operations Manager monitors a server named Operations1.

Operations1 has a computer account in an organizational unit (OU) name ServerOU1.

You create a group named GP1 as shown in the exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.)



You create a rule named OMRule1 that generates an alert when an error is added to the Application log.

You target OMRule1 to GP1.

You discover that alerts fail to be generated when errors are added to the Application log on Operations1.

You need to ensure that an alert is generated when an error is added to the Application log on Operations1.

What should you modify?

- A. the target of OMRule1
- B. the dynamic membership of GP1
- C. the category of OMRule1
- D. the explicit membership of GP1

Correct Answer: B

How does a rule get to an agent?

For any particular rule/monitor, OpsMgr will enumerate all instances of the target class and apply the rule to each. If there are no instances of the target class on a particular agent, then the rule will do nothing.

It's that simple.

If I can't target groups, why are they listed when I select a target for a rule? Groups are classes just like any other.



They're singleton classes where the class and the instance are one and the same, but they are classes nonetheless which is why they show up in the list with all other classes.

There are really very few circumstances where you will target a rule at a group though.

What if I do target a group?

You can apply a rule/monitor directly to a group, but it will execute against the group object itself.

OpsMgr will not enumerate members of the group and apply the rule to each. Any rules targeted at groups will actually operate on the Root Management Server since groups have no host and unhosted objects are managed by the RMS.

How do I target some group of objects then?

To the specific question of how to get a particular rule/monitor to a subset of components, you have two basic options. Let's say for example, you have a particular subset of web sites that you need a particular rule to apply.

You could target that rule at the IIS 2003 Web Site class for example, but that would apply the rule to all instances of that class. It would probably apply to sites that you didn't want. Option 1 would be to create a new class and target the rule

at the class. In the case of an IIS site, this would mean that you would need to go to the Authoring Console or raw XML and create a new class and discovery. That's a more advanced solution that most customers will do and probably overkill

anyway. Option 2 is the create a rule target at the whole class and disable it. Create a group with the sites you want and create an override for that group to enable your rule. This might sound like a workaround, but it's a completely valid solution.

How do I know if I'm selecting the right target?

The easiest method to validate you are using a target that actually has instances is to use the Discovered Inventory view in the Operations Console prior to creating your rule/monitor. In the Actions pane is an option called "Change target

type..." that will bring up the same Select a Target Type dialog box that you see when you select the target for a rule/monitor. This view will list all instances of the target class you select. You can validate which agents have an instance of that

class and how many instances each has. If there are no instances listed, then the rule isn't going to do anything. If there are instances, then you not only be confident that the rule/monitor will execute on the agent, but you can also view the

properties of the instance that will be accessible to any rules/monitors targeted at it.

<http://blogs.technet.com/b/brianwren/archive/2007/08/22/targeting-rules-and-monitors.aspx> NOTE: The text below was copied from a duplicate question [https:// social.technet.microsoft.com/wiki/contents/articles/7205.operations-managerdynamicgroup-examples.aspx](https://social.technet.microsoft.com/wiki/contents/articles/7205.operations-managerdynamicgroup-examples.aspx)

#### Operations Manager Dynamic Group Examples

In Operations Manager, groups are logical collections of objects, such as Windows-based computers, hard disks, or instances of Microsoft SQL Server. Groups are populated by explicitly adding objects to the group or dynamically according

to criteria you set. For more information on the use of groups, see [Creating and Managing Groups in the Operations](#)



Guide.

This article provides example of group definitions.

The examples describe the items to select in the Query Builder and the resulting formula:

**Create Group Wizard - Query Builder**

Select the desired Class and click the Add button to begin building the formula:

Windows Computer [Add]

+ Insert Delete X Formula

Property	Operator	Value
AND group for Windows Computer [all of these are true]		
Organizational Unit	Equals	Domain Controllers

**Dynamic Inclusion Rules (optional)**

Use a formula to populate group membership.

Create/Edit rules...

Query formula:

( Object Is Windows Computer AND ( Organizational Unit Equals Domain Controllers ) AND True )

## QUESTION 2

Your company has a private cloud that contains a System Center 2012 R2 infrastructure. You have a management server named Server1 that has Operations Manager installed. You have a management server named Server2 that has Virtual Machine Manager (VMM) installed.

You need to monitor network devices by using Operations Manager.

The solution must meet the following requirements:

Only provide the health status of devices located on physical networks.

Only include devices that are one hop away from a managed host. Only include devices that are part of the private cloud.

What should you use?

A. The Fabric Health Dashboard



- B. The Microsoft System Center Advisor (SCA)
- C. The Network Vicinity Dashboard
- D. The Application Summary Dashboard

Correct Answer: A

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### QUESTION 3

Your company has a private cloud that contains a Microsoft ASP.NET application.

The application is hosted by Internet Information Services (IIS) on a server named Server1.

The application is accessed by using multiple URLs.

You configure a watcher node on a server named Server2.

You need to ensure that an alert is generated each time the watcher node receives an HTTP error of 400 or more.

The solution must ensure that the cause of the alert is captured.

Which type of monitor should you create from the Operations Manager console?

- A. Windows Service
- B. Process
- C. Web Application Transaction Monitoring
- D. TCP Port

Correct Answer: C

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### QUESTION 4

Your company has a private cloud that contains a System Center 2012 Service Manager infrastructure.

The help desk uses Service Manager to manage and track incidents.

Service desk analysts report that they receive many Windows 7-related incidents.

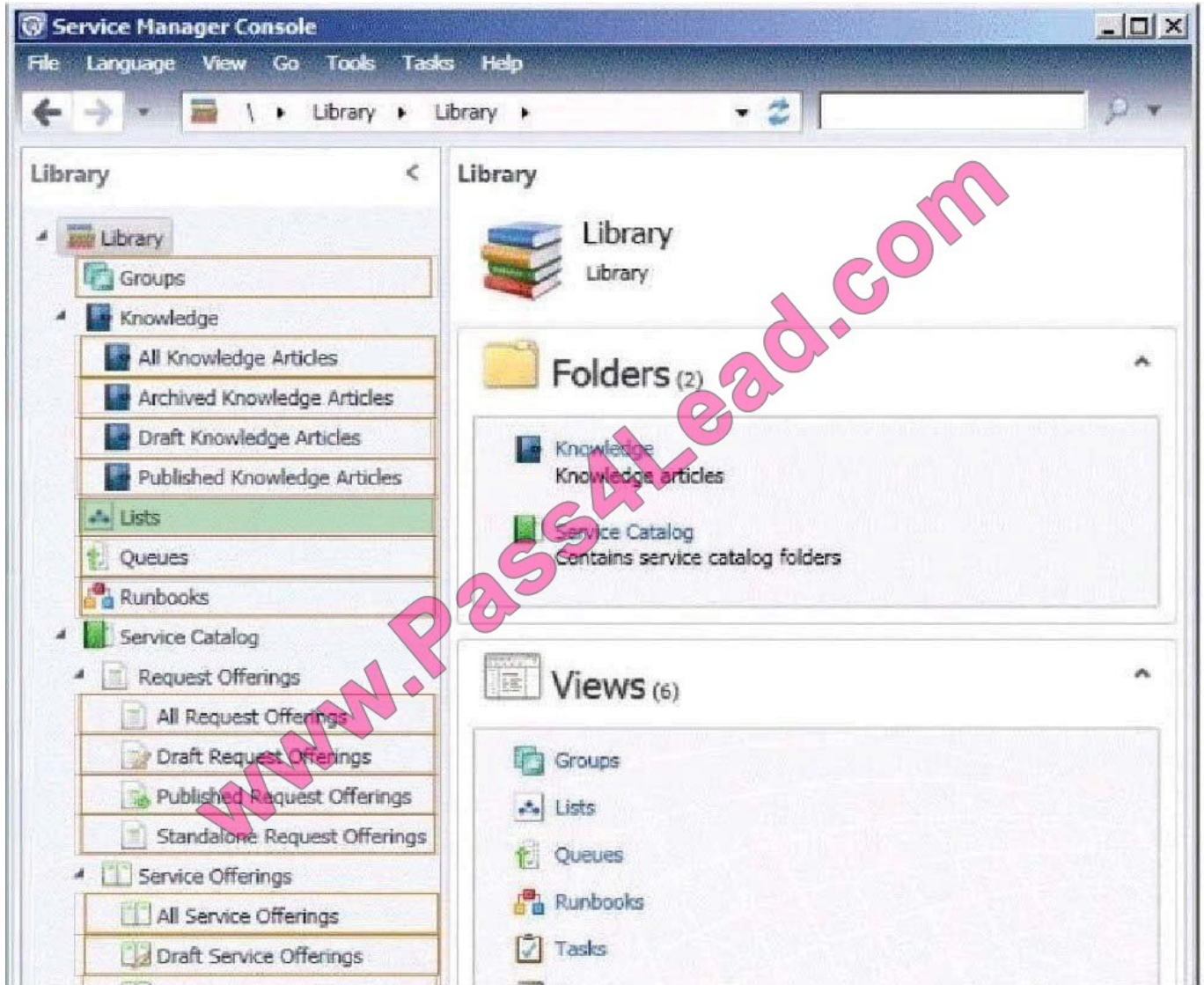
You need to create a classification for the Windows 7-related incidents.

What should you configure to create the classification? To answer, select the appropriate configuration in the answer area.

Hot Area:



Correct Answer:



**QUESTION 5**

Your role of Systems Administrator at ABC.com includes the management of the company's private cloud.

The private cloud is hosted on an internal System Center 2012 infrastructure.

Operations Manager (SCOM) is used to monitor the servers in the private System Center 2012 cloud.

An SCOM monitor targets all the servers in the private cloud.

You want to create an override for the monitor to target only the servers that have a specific application installed.

A registry value is used to identify the servers with the application installed.

Which two of the following should you create to use with the override? (Choose two).

- A. A Dynamic Group



B. A Static Group.

C. A Workflow.

D. A Task.

E. An Attribute.

Correct Answer: AE

AE additionally, here is a decent write-up of a similar scenario...

<http://blogs.technet.com/b/kevinholman/archive/2009/06/10/creating-custom-dynamic-computer-groups-basedon-registry-keys-on-agents.aspx>

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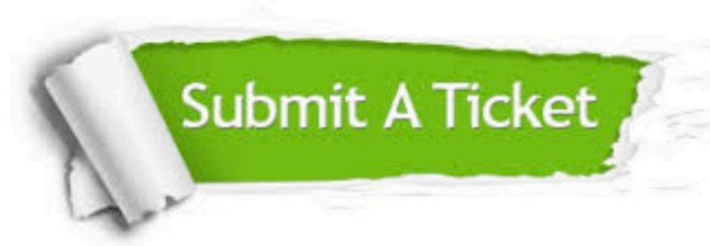
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