

HP2-Z32^{Q&As}

Implementing HP MSM Wireless Networks

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QUESTION 1

Select the appropriate descriptions for open and closed systems.

The AP includes the SSID in plaintext in the header of the data frame.

The AP advertises the SSID at regular intervals.

Users must know the name of the SSID in order to access it.

Hot Area:

The AP includes the SSID in plaintext in the header of the data frame.
Open system and Closed system
Open system
Closed system

The AP advertises the SSID at regular intervals.
Open system and Closed system
Open system
Closed system

Users must know the name of the SSID in order to access it.
Open system and Closed system
Open system
Closed system

Correct Answer:

The AP includes the SSID in plaintext in the header of the data frame.
Open system and Closed system
Open system
Closed system

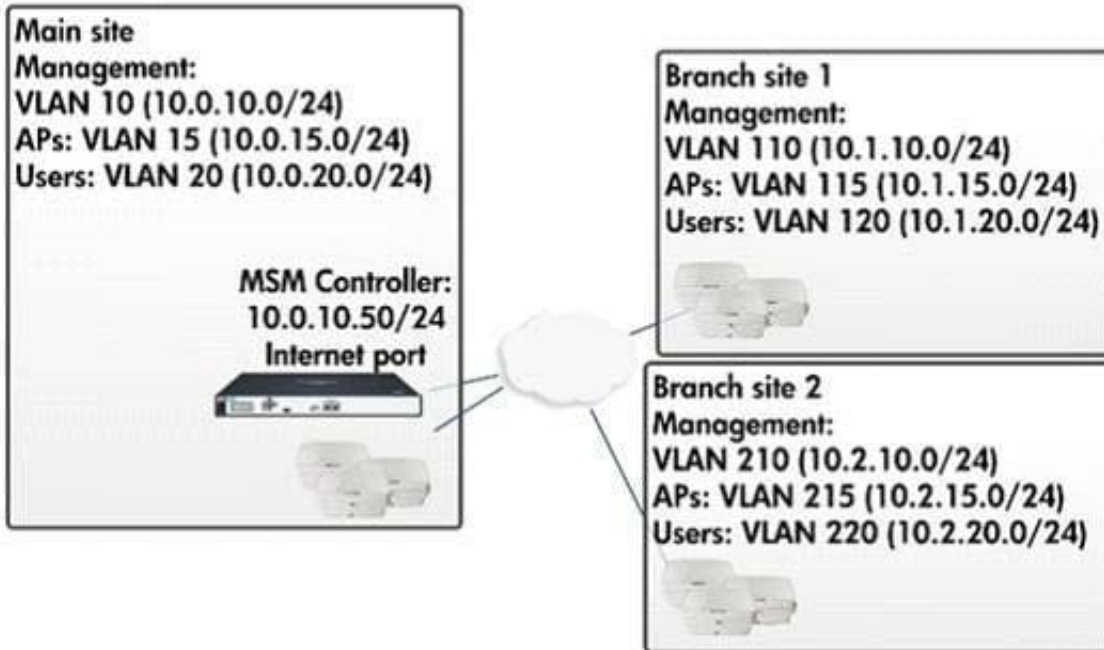
The AP advertises the SSID at regular intervals.
Open system and Closed system
Open system
Closed system

Users must know the name of the SSID in order to access it.
Open system and Closed system
Open system
Closed system

QUESTION 2

Refer to the exhibits.

Exhibit 1 - Network topology



Click here for Exhibit 2 -Portion of VSC settings and example of VSC binding Exhibit 1 shows the network topology for an HP MSM Controller and its controlled HP MSM APs. Assume that

the APs have successfully discovered the controller and become managed. Exhibit 2 shows a portion of the VSC settings for a VSC that this solution supports.

This VSC is the default VSC.

The controller must provide DHCP services for clients connected to this VSC, but does not need to provide addresses for any other purpose. The global DHCP settings include two options for

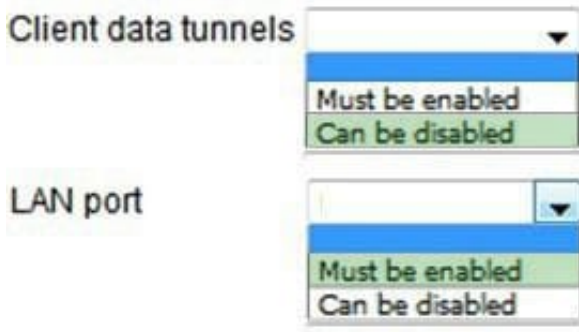
listening for requests. Which options must be enabled, and which can be disabled?

Client data tunnels
LAN port

Hot Area:

Client data tunnels
Must be enabled
Can be disabled
LAN port
Must be enabled
Can be disabled

Correct Answer:



QUESTION 3

A company is deploying an HP MSM760 Controller that will control approximately 80 HP MSM APs. The HP MSM solution will provide wireless guest services and a WLAN for employees, which is secured with WPA2 and 802.1X.

The controller will perform the following functions: Handle all guest traffic

Provide DHCP services for guest clients

Force guests to log in through a web page and implement access controls

How should the network administrator connect the controller to the corporate LAN?

- A. The administrator must connect both the LAN port and the Internet port, and the ports must be in different VLANs.
- B. The administrator can connect either the LAN port or the Internet port, or both ports, but it is typically recommended to connect the Internet port.
- C. The administrator must connect both the LAN port and the Internet port, and the ports must be in the same VLAN.
- D. The administrator must connect only the LAN port.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 4

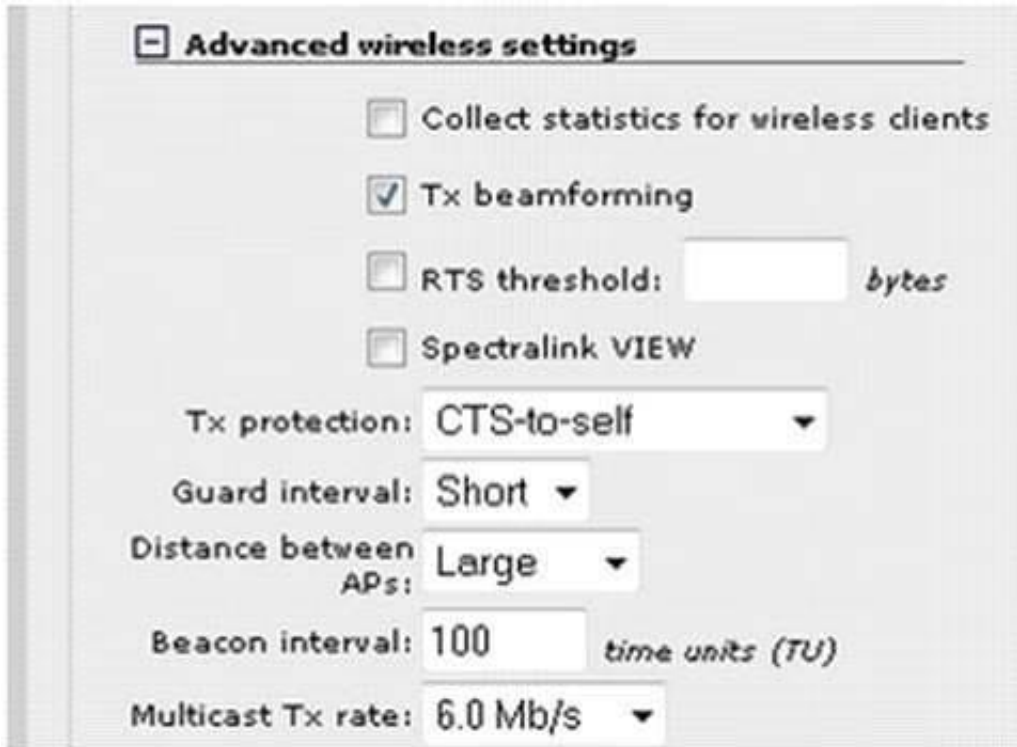
A company has an MSM solution that includes an MSM 760 Controller and MSM APs. The VSC for the employees does not use the controller for access control, nor does it use wireless mobility. Employees' wireless clients should be assigned to VLAN 10. How should the Ethernet network administrators design VLAN 10?

- A. Extend VLAN 10 from its default router to the MSM Controller's LAN port.
- B. Extend VLAN 10 from its default router to the APs' switch ports
- C. Extend VLAN 10 from the MSM Controller's LAN port to the APs' switch ports.
- D. Extend VLAN 10 from its default router to the MSM Controller's Internet port.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 5

Refer to the exhibit.



An MSM AP is operating in 802.11n mode, and legacy (a/g) traffic is being transmitted on the same radios as the 802.11n traffic. Which Advanced wireless setting prevents collisions from legacy traffic?

- A. Tx beamforming
- B. Guard interval
- C. Multicast Tx rate
- D. Tx protection

Correct Answer: B