

# JN0-333<sup>Q&As</sup>

Security, Specialist (JNCIS-SEC)

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# **QUESTION 1**

Click the Exhibit button. Referring to the exhibit, what will happen if client 172.16.128.50 tries to connect to destination 192.168.150.3 using HTTP?



```
[edit]
user@host# show security address-book
global {
    address dmz-net 192.168.150.0/24;
    address client-net 172.16.128.0/24;
    address web-servers 192.168.150.0/29;
}
[edit security policies]
user@host# show
from-zone trust to-zone dmz {
    policy p1 {
    match {
         source-address client-net;
         destination-address dmz-net;
         application [ junos-http junos-https ];
}
then {
   permity;
  }
3
policy p2 {
 match {
    source-address client-net;
    destination-address web-servers;
    application [junos-http junos-https ];
ł
then {
   deny;
3
}
policy p3
   match {
     source-address any;
     destination-address any;
     application any;
}
      then {
deny;
}
}
}
global {
  policy global-policy {
    match {
source-address any;
destination-address any;
application any;
     }
      then {
        permit;
        log {
             session-close;
   }
  }
 }
}
```



- A. The client will be permitted by policy p1.
- B. The client will be denied by policy p3.
- C. The client will be denied by policy p2.
- D. The client will be permitted by the global policy.

Correct Answer: D

#### **QUESTION 2**

Which two statements are true about global security policies? (Choose two.)

- A. Global security policies are evaluated before regular security policies.
- B. Global security policies can be configured to match addresses across multiple zones.
- C. Global security policies can match traffic regardless of security zones.
- D. Global security policies do not support IPv6 traffic.

Correct Answer: BC

#### **QUESTION 3**

Which three statements describes traditional firewalls? (Choose three.)

- A. A traditional firewall performs stateless packet processing.
- B. A traditional firewall offers encapsulation, authentication, and encryption.
- C. A traditional firewall performs stateful packet processing.
- D. A traditional firewall forwards all traffic by default.
- E. A traditional firewall performs NAT and PAT.

Correct Answer: BCE

# **QUESTION 4**

Click the Exhibit button.



```
{primary:node0} [edit]
user@host# show chassis cluster
reth-count 2;
control-ports {
fpc 0 port 0;
fpc 3 port 0;
redundancy-group 0 {
  node 0 priority 200;
  node 1 priority 100;
3
redundancy-group 1 {
node 0 priority 200;
   node 1 priority 100;
ip-monitoring {
   global-weight 150;
   global-threshold 240;
  retry-interval 3;
  retry-count 10;
  family {
      inet {
        172.16.1.100 {
            weight 150;
            interface reth0.0 secondary-ip-address 10.1.1.1;
         3
       }
    }
  }
}
{primary:node0} [edit]
user@host# show interfaces xe-1/0/0 {
gigether-options {
redundant-parent reth0;
3
}
xe-4/0/0 {
 gigether-options {
    redundant-parent reth0;
3
3
fab0 {
fabric-options {
      member-interfaces {
       xe-1/1/10;
3
fab1 {
     fabric-options {
       member-interfaces {
        xe-4/1/10;
}
}
reth0 {
    unit 0 {
      family inet {
        address 10.1.1.1/24;
}
}
}
```



- Which statement would explain why the IP-monitoring feature is functioning incorrectly?
- A. The global weight value is too large for the configured global threshold.
- B. The secondary IP address should be on a different subnet than the reth IP address.
- C. The secondary IP address is the same as the reth IP address.
- D. The monitored IP address is not on the same subnet as the reth IP address.

#### Correct Answer: C

### **QUESTION 5**

Screens help prevent which three attack types? (Choose three.)

- A. SYN flood
- B. port scan
- C. NTP amplification
- D. ICMP fragmentation
- E. SQL injection
- Correct Answer: ABD

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