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QUESTION 1

Which of the following access control methodologies can be described BEST as allowing a user the least access based on the jobs the user needs to perform?

- A. Scope-based
- B. Role-based
- C. Location-based
- D. Rule-based

Correct Answer: B

The access control methodology that can be described best as allowing a user the least access based on the jobs the user needs to perform is role-based access control (RBAC). RBAC is an access control method that assigns permissions to users based on their roles or functions within an organization. RBAC provides fine-grained and manageable access control by defining what actions each role can perform and what resources each role can access. RBAC follows the principle of least privilege, which means that users are only granted the minimum level of access required to perform their tasks. RBAC can reduce security risks, simplify administration, and enforce compliance policies.

QUESTION 2

Which of the following policies would be BEST to deter a brute-force login attack?

- A. Password complexity
- B. Password reuse
- C. Account age threshold
- D. Account lockout threshold

Correct Answer: D

The best policy to deter a brute-force login attack is account lockout threshold. A brute-force login attack is a type of attack that tries to guess a user's password by trying different combinations of characters until it finds the correct one. This attack can be performed manually or with automated tools that use dictionaries, wordlists, or algorithms. An account lockout threshold is a policy that specifies how many failed login attempts are allowed before an account is locked out temporarily or permanently. This policy prevents an attacker from trying unlimited password guesses and reduces the chances of finding the correct password.

QUESTION 3

Which of the following backup types will MOST likely have a third party hosting the backup data?

- A. Tape
- B. Local

C. Cloud

D. Disk

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 4

The network's IDS is giving multiple alerts that unauthorized traffic from a critical application server is being sent to a known-bad public IP address. One of the alerts contains the following information:

Exploit Alert

Attempted User Privilege Gain 2/2/07-3:09:09 10.1.200.32 --> 208.206.12.9:80

This server application is part of a cluster in which two other servers are also servicing clients. The server administrator has verified the other servers are not sending out traffic to that public IP address. The IP address subnet of the application servers is 10.1.200.0/26. Which of the following should the administrator perform to ensure only authorized traffic is being sent from the application server and downtime is minimized? (Choose two.)

- A. Disable all services on the affected application server.
- B. Perform a vulnerability scan on all the servers within the cluster and patch accordingly.
- C. Block access to 208.206.12.9 from all servers on the network.
- D. Change the IP address of all the servers in the cluster to the 208.206.12.0/26 subnet.
- E. Enable GPO to install an antivirus on all the servers and perform a weekly reboot.
- F. Perform an antivirus scan on all servers within the cluster and reboot each server.

Correct Answer: BC

QUESTION 5

A technician is setting up a small office that consists of five Windows 10 computers. The technician has been asked to use a simple IP configuration without manually adding any IP addresses. Which of the following will the technician MOST likely use for the IP address assignment?

- A. Static
- B. Router-assigned
- C. APIPA
- D. DHCP

Correct Answer: D

DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol and it is a network protocol that automatically assigns IP addresses and other network configuration parameters to devices on a network. DHCP can help simplify IP configuration without

manually adding any IP addresses. DHCP works by using a DHCP server that maintains a pool of available IP addresses and leases them to devices that request them. The devices can renew or release their IP addresses as needed.

References:

<https://www.comptia.org/training/resources/exam-objectives/comptia-server-sk0-005-exam-objectives> (Objective 2.1)

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