

1Z0-066^{Q&As}

Oracle Database 12c: Data Guard Administrator

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QUESTION 1

Which four requirements can be met by deploying a logical standby database?

- A. Support for workloads requiring additional indexes.
- B. it can be used to create additional schemas.
- C. it can be used to create additional tables.
- D. It must have the same physical structure as the primary database.
- E. it must provide a disaster-recovery solution that protects all data with capability of performing switchovers and failovers.
- F. Support for workloads requiring additional materialized views.
- G. it can be used for Real Application Testing without affecting the disaster recovery capabilities.

Correct Answer: ACEG

QUESTION 2

Which two are true about management of a far sync instance when using the Data Guard Broker?

- A. A far sync instance is in a disabled state in the broker configuration immediately after adding it
- B. A far sync instance that has its RedoRoutes property set may not be disabled in the broker configuration.
- C. Broker management of a far sync instance may only be disabled with the disable configuration DGMGRL command.
- D. A far sync instance need not exist before adding it to the broker configuration but may not be enabled until created

Correct Answer: AB

QUESTION 3

Which four factors can influence the rate of SQL apply on a logical standby database?

- A. the size of the undo tablespace on the logical standby database
- B. the number of full table scans performed by SQL apply
- C. the number of coordinator processes on the standby database instance
- D. the size of the shared pool
- E. the number of APPLIER processes
- F. the number of PREPARER processes

Correct Answer: BDEF

QUESTION 4

Which three statements are true about Global Sequences when connected to a physical standby database with Real-Time Query enabled?

- A. if the CACHE option is set then the size of the cache must be at least 100
- B. Their creation requires that a LOG_ARCHIVE_DEST_n parameter be defined in the standby that points back to their primary
- C. Their usage will always have a performance impact on the primary database.
- D. Their usage may have a performance impact on the physical standby database if the CACHE size is too small
- E. They must have the NOORDER and CACHE options set.

Correct Answer: BDE

QUESTION 5

Which statement is true regarding Oracle Net connectivity for a Data Guard Broker configuration?

- A. To start SQL apply on a logical standby database, a TNS entry enabling connectivity to the primary database instance must be defined on the logical standby database host.
- B. the LOCALJSTERNER initialization parameter must be set to the listener used to register the primary database instance.
- C. To enable Reatime Query on a physical standby database, a TNS entry enabling connectivity to the standby database instance must be defined on the primary database host.
- D. A TNS enabling connectivity to the primary database instance must be defined on each of the standby database hosts.
- E. A TNS entry or entries enabling connectivity to standby database instance(s) must be defined on the primary database host.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 6

Which four database parameters might be affected by or influence the creation of standby databases?

- A. DB_NAME
- B. ARCHIVE_LAG_TARGET
- C. COMPATIBLE

- D. DB_FILE_NAME_CONVERT
- E. DB_UNIQUE_NAME
- F. FAL_SERVER
- G. STANDBY_ARCHIVE_DEST

Correct Answer: ADEF

QUESTION 7

Which three statements are true about Data Guard configurations?

- A. All databases in one Data Guard environment must have the same database name.
- B. VALID_FOR is a LOG_ARCHIVE_DEST_N attribute that enables DB role change operations without having to modify LOG_ARCHIVE_DEST_n when performing switchovers or failovers.
- C. For Standard Edition, LOG_ARCHIVE_DUPLEX_DEST is used to configure redo transport, from the primary to the standby database.
- D. When using the Data Guard Broker, an spfile is not required.
- E. Up to 30 physical standby databases may exist within one configuration.
- F. The Oracle recommendation for the number of standby redo log groups per thread is one more than the number of online redo log groups per thread

Correct Answer: AEF

QUESTION 8

Examine the Data Guard configuration: Configuration Status: SUCCESS

```
DGMGRL> show configuration verbose;
```

```
Configuration –Animals
```

```
Protection Mode: MaxPerformance
```

```
Databases:
```

```
cats- Primary database  
dogs-(*) Physical standby database  
sheep- Physical standby database
```

```
(*) Fast-Start Failover target
```

```
Properties:
```

```
FastStartFailoverThreshold = '30'  
OperationTimeout = '30'  
TraceLevel = 'USER'  
FastStartFailoverLagLimit = '30'  
CommunicationTimeout= '180'
```

```
ObserverReconnect= '10'  
FastStartFailoverAutoReinstate= 'FALSE'  
FastStartFailoverPmyShutdown= 'TRUE'  
BystanderFollowRoleChange= 'none'  
ObserverOverride = 'FALSE'
```

```
Fast-Start Failover: ENABLED
```

```
Threshold: 30 seconds  
Target: dogs  
Observer: 015.example.com  
Lag Limit: 30 seconds  
Shutdown Primary: TRUE  
Auto-reinstate: FALSE  
Observer Reconnect: 10 seconds  
Observer Override: TRUE
```

Which two are true?

- A. The observer must run on host ol5.example.com and is currently not running.
- B. The observer will reinstate Sheep automatically after a failover, if required.
- C. The observer will mark another standby database as the failover target if the original failover target becomes unavailable.

- D. The observer will detect if the primary database is unable to accept new connections
- E. The former primary database will not be reinstated automatically after a failover.

Correct Answer: BE

QUESTION 9

You must configure an Oracle Data Guard environment consisting of:

1.
A primary database
2.
A Physical Standby Database
3.
A Snapshot Standby Database

You must meet these requirements:

1.
Primary database availability should not be compromised by the availability of the standby databases.
2.
Under normal operations, transactions executed on the primary database should not commit before redo is written to disk on the primary database and on at least one standby database.

Which redo transport mode, and which protection mode should you configure to meet these requirements?

- A. SYNC AFFIRM and Maximum Protection
- B. SYNC NOAFFIRM and Maximum Protection
- C. SYNC AFFIRM and Maximum Availability
- D. SYNC NOAFFIRM and Maximum Availability
- E. ASYNC and Maximum Performance

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 10

You edit the DGConnectIdentifier database property using the edit database set property DGMGRL command Which two are effects of this change?

- A. The fal_client database initialization parameter on all standby databases is updated with the new value.
- B. The service attribute of the log_archive_dest_n initialization parameter for any database referring to the specified database is updated with the new value.
- C. The fal_client database initialization parameter for the specified database is updated with the new value
- D. The broker configuration must be disabled and then enabled to use the new connection property.
- E. The service attribute of the log_archive_dest_n initialization parameter referring to all standby databases is updated with the new value

Correct Answer: AB

QUESTION 11

Which two are true concerning the configuring of Flashback database in a Data Guard environment? (Choose two.)

- A. It enables the use of far sync instances.
- B. It is a prerequisite for the use of Fast Start Failover.
- C. It permits a primary database that was disabled after failover to be reinstated as a standby.
- D. It permits a physical standby database to be converted to a snapshot standby database.
- E. It is required in order for a snapshot standby database to be converted to a physical database.

Correct Answer: AB

References:

https://docs.oracle.com/database/121/SBYDB/create_fs.htm#SBYDB5416

<https://logicalread.com/2013/10/01/increasing-oracle-availability-with-fast-start-failover-mc04/>

QUESTION 12

Which four statements are true regarding SQL Apply filters for a logical standby database?

- A. They can be used to skip execution of DML triggers on a table while allowing the DML to execute.
- B. They can be used to skip ALTER SYSTEM and ALTER DATABASE commands
- C. They can be used to stop SQL apply if it encounters an error.
- D. They can be used to skip all SQL statements executed on a specific pluggable database (PDB) within a standby multitenant container database (CDB).
- E. They can only be used to skip DML statements on a table
- F. They can be used to skip ALTER TABLE commands on a specific tables

G. They can be used to skip CREATE TABLE commands

Correct Answer: ACFG

QUESTION 13

You created the PRODSBY1 physical standby database for the PROD primary database using SQL and RMAN.

You are planning to create a Data Guard Broker configuration.

You execute the command:

```
DGMGRL> CREATE CONFIGURATION 'DGConfig\ \' AS
```

```
> PRIMARY DATABASE IS 'PROD\ '
```

```
> CONNECT IDENTIFIER IS PROD;
```

Which three statements are true regarding the execution of the command? (Choose three.)

- A. The command will execute successfully only if Oracle Net connectivity to the PROD database instance is defined on the primary host.
- B. The command will execute successfully only if the DG_BROKER_START initialization is set to TRUE for the PROD database instance.
- C. The PRODSBY1 standby database is automatically added to the configuration if DG_BROKER_START IS TRUE for PRODSBY1.
- D. The Data Guard Broker configuration files is automatically created in the destinations specified by the DG_BROKER_CONFIG_FILEn initialization parameters on the primary database.
- E. The PRODSBY1 standby database is automatically added to the configuration if Oracle Net connectivity to the PRODSBY1 database instance is defined on the primary host.
- F. The command will execute successfully only if Oracle Net connectivity to the PROD and PRODSBY1 database instances are defined on the primary host.

Correct Answer: CDE

QUESTION 14

Which two statements are true about block media recovery in a Data Guard environment? (Choose two.)

- A. When using RMAN, the RECOVER CORRUPTION LIST command can automatically use blocks from flashback logs.
- B. A corrupt block on the primary database can be recovered automatically, using blocks from a physical standby database that has the Real-Time Query enabled.

- C. DB_LOST_WRITE_PROTECT must be set to TYPICAL to enable Automatic Block Media Recovery.
- D. When using RMAN, the RECOVER CORRUPTION LIST command can use blocks from change tracking files.
- E. DB_LOST_WRITE_PROTECT must be set to FULL to enable Automatic Block Media Recovery.

Correct Answer: BD

References: https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E18283_01/backup.112/e10642/rcmblock.htm
<https://externaltable.blogspot.com/2013/03/testing-lost-writes-in-oracle-and-with.html>

QUESTION 15

You must use a physical standby database file to recover a data file on a primary database in a Data Guard environment.

Which three of these steps must be performed on the primary database after the file has been backed up using RMAN on the physical standby database?

- A. Connect to the primary database as the AUXILIARY.
- B. Catalog the data file copy for RMAN to use on the primary database for restore.
- C. Back up the data file as copy on the standby host to a location on the standby host.
- D. Switch to the data file copy using the RMAN SWITCH command.
- E. Back up the data file as copy on the standby host to a location on the primary host
- F. Connect to the primary database as the TARGET.

Correct Answer: ABD

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